Numb 4086

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday January 4. to Monday January 8 1704.

Oxford, January 1.

THIS day, in Demonſtration of the Joy of this Univerſity for the Glorious Succeſſes of the Arms of Her Majeſty and Her Allies the laſt Campaign, a Publick Act was held on that Occaſion in our Theater, conſiſting chiefly of Verſes, ſpoken by young Noblemen and Gentlemen, upon the following Themes: *Viz. Strenæ Oxonienſes*; *Carolus Tertius Hoſpes*; *Clades Hoſtadienſis*; *Bavarus Profugus*; *Res Germana Reſtituta*; *Marlburius Germanicus*; *Fœdus Luſitanicum*; *Calpe Expugnata*; *Imperium Pelagi Prolatum*; *Rookius Invidia Major*; *Landaua Recepta*; *Mercurius Pariſienſis*; *Vota Academiæ.*

St. James's, Jan. 4. This day Dr. *Delaune* Vice-Chancellor of *Oxford*, accompanied by ſeveral of the Heads of Houſes, the Proctors, and other Principal Members of the Univerſity, Deputed for that purpoſe, attended Her Majeſty with a Printed Copy of the Speeches and Verſes which were ſpoke in the Theater on New-Year's-day, and preſented the ſame to Her Majeſty, together with the following Addreſs, being introduced by Mr. Secretary *Harley*.

To the QUEEN's *Moſt Excellent Majeſty.*

The humble Addreſs of the Chancellor, Maſters and Scholars, of the Univerſity of *Oxford.*

May it pleaſe Your Majeſty,

WE *Your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Chancellor, Maſters and Scholars, of the Univerſity of* Oxford, *humbly beg Leave to preſent to Your Majeſty the Exerciſe performed in our Theatre on New-Year's-Day, in Honour of the great Succeſs of Your Majeſty's Arms the laſt Year in* Germany, *under the admirable Conduct, and invincible Courage, of his Grace the Duke of* Marlborough; *and at Sea, under Your moſt brave and faithful Admiral Sir* George Rooke: *Actions as Beneficial as they are Glorious; by which the Empire is freed from the Power of* France, *and Treachery of* Bavaria; Charles *the Third of* Spain *poſſeſſed of the ſtrong Hold of* Gibraltar, *a happy Preſage of his ſpeedy Settlement in his Kingdoms; Trade and Commerce in the* Mediterranean *ſecured to Your Subjects and Allies; and the greateſt Check that was ever given to the Ambitious Deſigns of* France.

We humbly preſume, Madam, *That the Sincerity of our Congratulations will not be queſtioned by Your Majeſty, who knows that our Security advances equally with Your Majeſty's Greatneſs and Power.*

Yet it is not our Intereſt ſo much as our inviolable Loyalty, which obliges us to put up our conſtant Prayers to God, that he will be pleaſed ſtill to reward Your Majeſty's pious Care and Concern for the Eſtabliſhed Church, by the Continuance of Victory to Your Arms; That at the Beginning of every New-Year Your Majeſty may look back upon the laſt with as much Satisfaction as You do at preſent.

Which Addreſs Her Majeſty was pleaſed to receive moſt graciouſly, and to return the following Anſwer.

Mr. Vice-Chancellor,

I Deſire you will let the Univerſity know how kindly I take this Inſtance of their Zeal: And as they may be aſſured of My Protection, ſo I will not doubt of their Care to encourage thoſe Principles which will promote the Peace and Welfare of Me and all My Subjects.

Venice, Dec. 27. N. S. The Imperial Forces under Count Leiningen, as alſo the French Troops Commanded by the Grand Prior, continue in the ſame Poſts. The former have lately made a great Forage, and are in a readineſs to march as ſoon as they have received a conſiderable Reinforcement which they expect from Germany; whereof four Regiments are already advanced as far as the County of Lodrone, and the reſt are following with all poſſible Expedition.

Vienna, Dec. 31. Prince Eugene of Savoy arrived here yeſterday from Bavaria, having regulated the Quarters for the Forces which are to Winter in that Electorate, and put Garifons into all the ſtrong Places there, which have been evacuated by the Bavarian Forces, in purſuance of the Treaty lately concluded with the Electreſs. They write from Buda, That a Body of the Malecontents lately attempted in the night to ſurprize the Town of Peſt, on the other ſide of the Danube; but being timely diſcovered, the Gariſon and Burghers obliged them to retire, after an obſtinate Fight which laſted 3 hours. It is reported, That General Heiſter marched the 26th inſtant towards Tirnau, to attack a great Body of the Malecontents, who lay within half a League of that Place, and gave them a conſiderable Defeat, the Enemy retiring with ſuch Precipitation, that they left behind them all their Cannon, which they had before nailed up, having loſt a great number of Men, and ſeveral Standards; and that the City of Tirnau had afterwards ſubmitted to him: Of all which we muſt expect a more certain and a particular Account.

Francfort, January 7. The French are very quiet in their Quarters, their Horſe being in ſo ill a Condition, that they cannot make Excurſions as they did the laſt Year; and they apply themſelves at preſent wholly to the fortifying and ſtrengthening of their Lines, and to the augmenting of the Fortifications of the Town of New Briſac. The Count de Friſe, Governor of Landau, is repairing the Fortifications of that Place, and levelling the Trenches and other Works which the Germans had caſt up againſt it during the late Siege. Orders are alſo given for putting Weiſſenbourg and Lauterbourg into a poſture of Defence.

Hamburgh, January 9. N. S. The Hereditary Prince of Heſſe-Caſſel came the 5th inſtant to Berlin, with the Princeſs his Wife, who is Daughter to the King of Pruſſia. The King of Poland arrived at Leipſig the firſt inſtant from Dreſden, and the Queen is alſo come thither. They write from Cracow, That Prince Lubomirski, Great Marſhal of the Crown, the Biſhop of Culm, the Palatine of Ruſſeland, and ſeveral other Perſons of Note, were come into the Neighbourhood of that Place, in order to be preſent at a great Council which his Majeſty had Summoned to meet the beginning of this Month. It is ſaid, That ſeveral of the Biſhops in Poland have excuſed themſelves from Crowning the new King Staniſlaus, upon the ſtrict Commands which the Pope has laid upon them to the contrary. The Muſcovites in Livonia make Preparations, in order, as is ſaid, to attack Riga this Winter; and if they can poſſeſs themſelves of that Place, to make an Irruption into Courland, and oblige the Swediſh Forces in that Dutchy to retire from thence.

Hague,